

THE ROANOKE DAILY TIMES.

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ROANOKE, VA., FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1895.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.
ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.

THE WEATHER.
Forecast for Virginia: Rain, followed by fair in western portion; northerly winds, dangerous on the coast; colder in eastern portion.

IT IS EXPENSIVE
Not to have us
REPAIR
YOUR
ROOF.
That is the way
to look at it.

Roanoke Roofing and Metal Cornice Co.,
Commerce St. and Franklin Road.
J. B. COLLINGWOOD, — Manager.
— Phone 228. —

— OUR LINE OF —
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
Leather Traveling Cases
Is immense. Nothing more suitable for a present. We have them from

\$1 to \$10.
Massie's Pharmacy
109 Jefferson Street.

A SWEET SMOKE!
Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco and Pipes.

(Any Old Thing Won't Do.)
THE PLANT: Continues to grow (in favor.)
GOLD SEAL: A golden smoke, indeed. 50 straight.
SABAROSO! Holds an enviable reputation.
TRUE WORTH: Rightly named. The newest out. 50 straight.
KOSUTH: Needs no introduction. 50 straight.
LAMEL: Finest of flavors and sweet. 10c, three for 25c.
CHUMS! Also a delightful smoke. 10c, 3 for 25c.
LA FLOR DE HOTEL ROANOKE! Something new and good. 10c, 3 for 25c.
SILVER GRAYS! The very best cigar in Roanoke. 15c, 2 for 25c.
PIPES! An assortment that will please you.
CIGARETTES! All the leading brands.
TOBACCOS! The choicest mixtures.
GENTLEMEN, see the largest case of smokers' sundries in the city.

CHRISTIAN-BARBEE DRUG STORE
A. D. RICE, Trustee,
TELEPHONE 46.

N. B.—Smoke from our Cigars is not disagreeable, so the ladies must stop and enjoy the flow-ers while waiting for the street cars.

"The Concordia,"
HENRY SCHOLZ, Prop.,
NO. 10 SALEM AVE.
Leads all houses in the city for fine brands of liquors, including the celebrated

"BELLE OF NELSON,"
"OLD OSCAR PEPPER,"
"JAMES E. PEPPER,"
"ROXBURY RYE,"
"OLD PARKER,"
"OLD CROW."
German Lunches Served All Day.

Better
No Gift at All

Than one to wonder whether it is good or not—especially when it is so easy to be satisfied from the immense stock of

RELIABLE GOODS.

There is no other business that one can be so thoroughly deceived in as the JEWELRY.

In purchasing be careful and do not allow yourself to be MISREPRESENTED.

EDWARD S. GREEN,
Manufacturing Jeweler,
6 Salem Ave. ROANOKE, VA.

HAPPENINGS IN WASHINGTON

What Was Done in the National Congress Yesterday.

Senator Pfeiffer Opposes the Expense Attending Congressional Funerals—In the House Mr. Dingler, Republican, of Maine, Criticizes the President's Message as to Receipts and Expenditures, and Defends the McKinley Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The proceedings of the Senate to-day were more varied than interesting. They covered the entire range of legislation, including two formal addresses. Two bills, one concerning roads in the District of Columbia, and the other extending the Chicago post of entry received, attention.

Almost an hour was devoted to listening to the speech by Senator Pfeiffer in advocacy of his bill curtailing the expenses incurred in Congressional affairs, and providing that a sergeant-at-arms shall take the place of the committee now sent out by the two houses as escorts to their homes of the remains of deceased members. He denounced the expense incurred in such proceedings as unnecessary.

Senator Call addressed himself to his Turkish matter and made a plea that this Government should encourage other civilized countries to put a stop to cruelties practiced by the Turks in their war on civilization and the Christian religion.

House Proceedings.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—In the House to-day, after the transaction of some minor business, Mr. Dingler (Rep., Me.) announced that Mr. Grow (Rep., Pa.) desired to address the House, and in order to give him an opportunity to do so he moved they go into committee of the whole on the State of the Union for consideration of the President's message. The motion was agreed to and Mr. Grow took the floor.

He sent to the clerk's desk and had read that portion of the message relating to the new tariff law now on the statute books. Mr. Grow then called attention to the fact that Mr. Cleveland said nothing about the efficiency of the custom law to produce revenue enough to carry on the government.

Mr. Grow pointed out that he did not give receipts and expenditures for last year. "Yet it was a fact," Mr. Grow said, "that the deficiency for 1894 was \$89,000,000, and for the first five months of the present fiscal year it was \$18,000,000. The total deficiency since June 30, 1894, was \$131,000,000. The bonded debt under the present administration had increased \$162,000,000. That has been the result of the new custom system which the President extolled."

"What of the customs law which preceded it, and which Mr. Cleveland said in his message was 'insufficient for the purposes of revenue,' and which he said 'impeded our entrance into the markets of the world.' As to the charge that the McKinley law had not produced sufficient revenue, Mr. Grow said that it, as well as every protection measure passed since 1860, had produced more than enough revenue to meet the normal expenses of the Government."

"From 1863, when the Merrill bill was passed, to 1890, the protection customs system had produced sufficient revenue to meet the regular expenses of the government during the war. From 1890 to 1893 the revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1,310,000. The last administration has borrowed money to pay the current expenses. Except during the period of the war no bonds had been sold for that purpose until the present administration assumed the reins of power."

"The present administration," said Mr. Grow, "seems to have begun where Buchanan's administration left off." (Applause and laughter on the Republican side.)

As the President has charged that the McKinley custom law impeded our entrance to the markets of the world, Mr. Grow declared amid Republican applause that no market was better than the American market. "It consists," said he, "of 70,000,000 people, who consume more than any people the sun shines on." Mr. Grow said that for no similar period had the balance of trade been in our favor as during the three years the McKinley law was in operation.

He then drifted to a discussion of Mr. Cleveland's currency reform. His emphatic statement that greenbacks would not be retired was received with a demonstration of applause by the Republicans. He dwelt on the President's insistence this year in regarding an extension of the National banking system and utterly ignoring the rejuvenation of the State banks, which last year he had been so anxious about.

Continuing Mr. Grow said: "The complaint that greenbacks furnished an endless chain, by which the gold reserve was depleted, was not frank. The greenbacks would endanger the reserve as long as the revenues were not equal to the expenses and no longer. Having the current debts of the Government to pay off, the reserve was the road to national bankruptcy." Mr. Grow referred to the elections last fall as a condemnation of the new tariff law and the policy of the administration.

At the conclusion of Mr. Grow's speech the committee rose, and the House at 1:35 adjourned until Monday.

Edwin Farmer Concert.
Go to Edwin Farmer Concert and hear this gifted musician perform on the celebrated Lindeman Grand piano.

DR. ALBERT A. CANNADAY,
SPECIALIST.
Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.
Eyes Examined and Glasses Fitted.
Office corner Salem avenue and Jefferson street, Over the Christian-Barbee Drug Store.

NOTICE.

G. K. Schwarz is hereby placed in charge of the Business Department of THE TIMES, with full authority accordingly, this appointment to be effective during my absence from the city.

M. H. CLAYTON.

THE BAYARD RESOLUTIONS.

Republicans Admit That the Propositions to Impeach is Not Intended.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—According to the opinions of two or three members of the House committee on foreign affairs, there is a strong possibility that when the reading of Mr. Bayard's speeches are heard and considered that Mr. Bayard's resolutions will be changed.

It is now conceded by the Republicans that the proposition to impeach was not intended seriously, but was merely a parliamentary move to secure debate on the ambassador's conduct. Mr. McCall says that it would be unfair for the House to assume that President Cleveland has not suggested to the ambassador that his speech was improper, and that it is unfair to Bayard to censure him if the President has already done so.

This view is taken by the committee-men. In case the President has not communicated with the ambassador the House should censure him, and it is suggested this might be done either by a separate resolution or in the bill before the House. A move to incorporate a clause in the apportionment bill will be made when that bill comes before the House. It is said to be in order to censure such an official or ask the President to recall him.

EX-SECRETARY FOSTER'S VIEWS.

Says the Outlook for McKinley's Nomination is Good.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Charles Foster, ex-governor of Ohio and ex-Secretary of the Treasury, was in the city to-day. Mr. Foster said that St. Louis for the national convention city was right. "It was central," he added, "and the hotel accommodations are ample."

The ex-governor smiled as he added: "St. Louis is a good city in which to nominate McKinley."

"Do you think Governor McKinley will be nominated?" was asked.

"The outlook for him is certainly good and there is no division of sentiment whatever in Ohio in regard to his candidacy and his ability," said Mr. Foster. "I don't know if Mr. Harrison is a candidate or not," he said. "I talked with him while President and he seemed to have enough of it then."

CATOGNI BROS.

THE LEADING GROCERS.

FOR FRESH CURRANTS.

FOR FRESH RAISINS.

FOR FRESH NUTS.

FOR FRESH COCONUTS.

FOR FRESH ORANGES.

FOR FRESH LEMONS.

FOR FRESH MINCE MEATS.

FOR FRESH CANDIES.

THREE STORES AND PLENTY OF DELIVERY WAGONS INSURES PROMPT SERVICE.

CATOGNI BROS.

To Show They Were Filibusters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The official report of the Havana authorities on the capture of five members of the filibustering expedition, which is alleged to have sailed on the steamer Horsa, will be sent to the United States authorities at Philadelphia, to be used when the case against the Horsa officials is heard. The purpose of the report is to show by the evidence of the men that the Horsa was engaged in filibustering. The men were picked up shortly after the Horsa had been seen to put them adrift and have given highly important evidence.

Lord Salisbury's Reply.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Lord Salisbury's answer to Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question will not be made public until the return of President Cleveland. It is said that Mr. Cleveland was aware of the nature of the answer before he left. This, however, was a private communication, and was not the formal submission of Great Britain's answer. There is no disincorporation in London, it is stated, to make the matter a secret.

Court of Private Land Claims.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The President has re-appointed the members of the court of private land claims as follows: Joseph R. Reed, of Iowa, to be chief justice, and Henry C. Suess, of Kansas; Wilbur Stone, of Colorado; Wm. M. Murray, of Tennessee, and Thomas C. Fuller, of North Carolina, to be associate justices. Their terms had expired.

National Civil Service Reform League.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The first session of the fifteenth annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform League was held here to-day in the Cosmopolitan Club. There was about seventy-five members of the league present. Several papers were read, including one by Richard Dana, of Cambridge, on the appointment and tenure of postmasters.

Public Buildings for Virginia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Among the bills introduced to-day were the following: By Mr. McKenny, for improvements on the postoffice building at Petersburg, Va., \$15,000; by Mr. Elliot, for a public building at Richmond, \$500,000.

A Benevolent Hebrew III.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Sir Julian Goldschmidt, the member of parliament for St. Pancras, this city, one of the wealthiest and most charitable of the Hebrews of England, is in a critical condition of health at Brighton, England.

Upright Piano, Fancy Walnut, \$190, on Payments of \$8 Per Month.

ONE upright piano, fancy walnut, in perfect order, fully warranted, for \$190, on payments of \$8 per month. No interest. Hobbie Music Company.

NOTHING nicer—a genuine meerschaum amber tip pipe. Massie's Pharmacy.

THE NOBLE OLD ROMAN GONE

Senator Thurman, of Ohio, Passes Away.

He Was Born at Lynchburg, Va., From Which He Went With His Father to Chillicothe, Ohio—There He Studied Law—His Services on the Bench and in Both Houses of Congress.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 12.—The long and useful career of Judge Allen G. Thurman came to a close this afternoon at 1 o'clock at his residence. The end was peaceful in the extreme and the soul of the great man left this earthly habitation without a sign of physical distress. At the instant of dissolution, and for some hours before, Judge Thurman had been lying in an unconscious condition. He passed merely from sleep temporal to sleep eternal, and the change was hardly noticeable even to the loved ones who surrounded his bedside.

In the midst of the volumes of knowledge he prized so dearly, and amid the scenes where he had spent so many pleasant hours of his happy old age, the vital spark took wings from the image of clay. Judge Thurman died in his beloved library, which looks toward the setting sun. Shortly after his fall several weeks ago Judge Thurman's bed was moved from the adjoining bedroom to his library and he remained there.

Judge Thurman has lived with his son, Allen W. Thurman, since the death of his wife several years ago, and being unable to leave the house he occupied apartments in the third story, where he spent the last days of his life in a remarkably pleasant and agreeable manner.

The beginning of Judge Thurman's fatal illness dates from November 7 last, when he fell heavily while walking across the library floor. A few days after the fall Judge Thurman's life was despaired of, but he rallied from the shock, and at times apparently seemed to have regained his old-time vigor.

November 13 Judge Thurman was 82 years old and on that date several of his old friends called on him and had a pleasant chat. On that occasion he smoked a cigar with his friends and seemed unusually cheerful and bright.

Since the accident he has had his good days and his bad ones. He had been confined to his bed nearly all the time and his physician, Dr. W. H. Whitaker, called on him daily. That he was steadily growing weaker was apparent to all and it has been known for some time that he could not hold out much longer.

Last Thursday when Dr. Whitaker called he found his patient sitting up in a chair, smoking a cigar and apparently enjoying it. He shook hands with the doctor and said: "My dear doctor, sit down and talk to me." He seemed very cheerful and cracked jokes, as was his habit, and talked to the doctor in French, which he delighted in. He didn't continue his French conversation as long as usual, the doctor noticed, and went back to bed, his pulse being rather feeble at this time.

On Wednesday at 4 p. m., he seemed listless and heavy about his eyes, and his mental faculties appeared duller. The change for the worse became quite marked shortly after midnight this morning, and the family became alarmed and sent for Dr. Whitaker. At that time the doctor found him almost unconscious and his breathing was laborious. Dr. Whitaker aroused him sufficiently to ask him if he was thirsty, and the judge nodded his head in assent.

Dr. Whitaker gave him a little water and whiskey, which he swallowed with difficulty. He seemed however to be partially conscious of what he was doing. He then sank into a heavy stupor from which he was never aroused. It was known then that the beginning of the end had set in and the family was so notified.

At 10 a. m. on Saturday the funeral will take place at the residence which will be as private as possible. All who desire will be given the privilege of viewing the remains at the residence. It was his request that if Rev. Mr. Grover was living and in good health the latter should preach at his funeral. Mr. Grover is at present city librarian, a position he has held for twenty-two years and is still a very active man.

Judge Thurman, for years one of the most popular leaders of the Democratic party, was born at Lynchburg, Va., November, 1813. His parents removed to Chillicothe, Ohio, and he made that place his home until he settled in Columbus in 1853, where he has since resided. His education was received at the Chillicothe Academy and from his mother. He was private secretary of Governor Lucas, studied law with his uncle, Governor William Allen, was admitted to the bar in 1835, and in the course of a few years he had a large practice.

He was elected to Congress by the Democrats in 1844, but declined a re-nomination and continued in the practice of his profession. In 1851 he was elected to the bench of the supreme court of the State, serving as chief justice, and on the expiration of his term he refused a re-nomination. In 1868 he was the choice of his party for governor.

Mr. Thurman was elected to the United States Senate to succeed Mr. Wade and took his seat in 1869. From the first he was recognized as the leader of the Democratic minority. He was a member of the judiciary committee, and when his party came into power in the Forty-sixth Congress he was chosen chairman and was also made president pro tem of the Senate. He was re-elected for a second term in 1874, closing his Senatorial career of twelve years in 1891.

In the Democratic national convention of 1876 Mr. Thurman was named for President. In 1880 the first ballot gave him the entire vote of the Ohio delegation and the support from other States. In 1884 he was a delegate at large to the national Democratic con-

vention, which again put him in nomination for the Presidency, and he stood next to Cleveland and Bayard on the first ballot. In the Democratic convention of 1888 he was nominated for the Vice-Presidency by acclamation. He was the author of the Pacific railroad act.

He Was a Great Man.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Many of the old Senators remembered Judge Thurman very well, as he served with them, but he belonged more particularly to the era of Conklin, Edmunds, Logan and others who became famous at a period when many of the now old members of the Senate were just entering upon their careers. Those who served with Mr. Thurman expressed the highest regard for him and declared that he was one of the great men of the country. He was regarded as one of the best lawyers that ever served in the Senate, and several Senators said of him that he more truly represented their ideas of sterling Democracy than any of the men of his time.

Secretary Carlisle said: "My personal acquaintance with Judge Thurman extended through many years and as long as he continued to take part in public affairs our relations were close and intimate. He was a great lawyer, just judge and one of the most able and patriotic legislators I have ever known in Congress. He was a party man and his fame already constitutes a part of the traditions of the party to which he belonged, but he always enjoyed the respect and confidence of all classes of our people and his death will be lamented by all."

Ex-Attorney Garland, of Arkansas, who was in Cleveland's former Cabinet, was a warm friend of Judge Thurman. He said to-day he regarded Thurman almost as a near kinsman, and paid high tribute to his personal character and ability. He added: "Judge Thurman's invariable courtesy to opponents won him almost as many friends and admirers on the Republican side of the Senate as on the Democratic side. Probably his greatest service rendered this country was his work of staying attempted onslaughts on the rights of the Southern people, and his able defense of the Pacific road's sinking fund late in the '70's."

Attorney General Harmon said: "Allen G. Thurman was one of the purest and ablest men that Ohio has ever produced. He clearly distinguished himself as one of the first judges of her supreme court until the new constitution. He came within a few votes of becoming governor over Hayes in 1878. No man in the State has ever more fully held the respect and confidence of the people, and as a true Democratic statesman he held the confidence and respect of his party throughout his long public life."

Governor McKinley's Tribute.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 12.—Governor McKinley to-night issued the following: "Ohio has lost one of its noblest citizens. Allen G. Thurman died at 1 o'clock to-day in this city at his home at the age of 82. He was a statesman whose sturdy integrity and exalted abilities were recognized not only in his own State, but in every part of the United States. As a judge of the supreme court he was learned and incorruptible, as United States Senator he served faithfully and with honor."

"He retired to private life universally respected and esteemed by the citizens of his country. His illustrious career is a conspicuous example of the possibilities of American citizenship and worthy the study of the youth of our States. The people of Ohio, regardless of party, will be mourners at his bier. Out of respect to his memory it is ordered that flags be displayed at half-mast over the State capitol."

Senator Edmunds' Sorrow.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 12.—Ex-Senator Edmunds, one of the earliest present associates of Allen G. Thurman, expressed a most heartfelt sorrow at the death of his old friend. "I had hoped," said he, "that he would have recovered from his illness. We were intimate friends for many years, and I always entertained a most tender regard for him. He was a pure and upright man and left a good impression everywhere. As to his ability he was confessedly the superior of any one on the Democratic side of the Senate."

Mr. Harvitt's Views.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 12.—Wm. F. Harvitt expressed sorrow when informed by a reporter of the Associated Press of the death of Mr. Thurman. He said: "Although he retired from active participation in public affairs some time ago, Allen G. Thurman's uncompromising disposition was well remembered and admired by all Democrats."

Marshall & Wendell Piano, \$150, \$5 Per Month—No Interest.

ONE Marshall & Wendell piano in perfect order, with superb tone and warranted, for \$150, on payments of \$5 per month, without interest. Hobbie Music Company.

THE United States Government reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Xmas pipes. The largest assortment. Massie's Pharmacy.

JAMES O. HOBBS,
Shoes and Stationary Dealer,
114 SALEM AVENUE.

JUST ARRIVED

A full line of Christmas novelties; things to please the young and old. PRICES! They please all, with the best of everything to select from.
JAMES O. HOBBS.

FROM THE STATE CAPITOL

What Was Done in the Legislature Yesterday.

Bills to Amend the Election Laws Introduced by Senator Hays—Bill to Prevent Lynching by Delegate Powell—Bill Making Saturday Afternoon a Legal Holiday—Pollard Murderers Get a New Trial.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 12.—The most interesting feature of the general assembly to-day was the introduction of two bills having reference to the election law by Senator Hays. The bills he offered are companion measures. One repeals sections 15 and 17 of what is known as the "Walton law"—that is, it abolishes the constable feature. The other provides a new system of voting by re-enacting and amending certain other sections.

This latter measure provides that the name of the candidates of each party shall be printed in parallel columns, one column for each party ticket. Over each ticket is to be printed an emblem, design or device, to be submitted by the chairman of each party.

Delegate Powell, of Brunswick, in the house to-day offered a bill to prevent lynching. It provides that any person charged with the crime for which lynching is generally administered shall be promptly tried in the circuit court in the city, county or town where the crime is committed. No juror shall be permitted to serve on the jury unless he be a freholder and a man of education and intelligence. If any of the defendants during the trial shall, by word or act, reflect upon the female, if she was of previous bad character, he shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 and be debarred the privilege of practicing his profession in the courts of Virginia. The act further provides that all persons charged with murder shall be tried in like manner.

The house committee on banks, currency and commerce reported the bill making Saturday afternoon a legal holiday for banks.

Passed the Senate.

The following bills have passed the senate:

Ratifying and confirming the issue by the city of Fredericksburg of \$30,000 of 5 per cent. water bonds, etc.

To prohibit the running at large of horses, etc., upon the public roads in parts of blue grass district, in the county of Highland.

To amend and re-enact section 1 of an act passed January 30, 1845, incorporating the Augusta Female Seminary.

To incorporate the town of Clover, in Halifax county.

To incorporate the town of Mt. Crawford, in Rockingham county.

To incorporate the town of Belle Avon, in Accomac county.

THE POLLARD MURDERERS.

The Supreme Court Grants Them a New Trial.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 12.—The court of appeals to-day handed down an opinion in the Lunenburg cases granting a new trial to Barnes, Mary Abernathy and Solomon Marable, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Lucy Jane Pollard. The court overruled the motion of the attorney general to have the cases continued that the records might be amended.

It is held that the records could not be amended after the term of court had elapsed. All other assignments of error were overruled except the last that the records did not show that court adjourned from day to day; that the jury was committed to the custody of the sheriff, and that nobody be allowed to talk to them, etc. The records of the trial court did not show this, and hence a new trial is granted. Judge Riley dissented on the last court.

Report of the Engineers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Secretary Lamont to-day sent to the House a report of Major Stanton, of the corps of engineers, giving the result of a survey of Cape Fear river above Fayetteville, as prescribed in the last river and harbor bill. He reports that the cost of the proposed improvement amounts to \$2,555,000.

A British Gunboat Went In.

ROME, Dec. 12.—A dispatch received here to-day from Constantinople says that the British gunboat Archimedes passed the straits of the Dardanelles to-day owing to a brawl at Samsoul. A panic is said to prevail at Galata and Pera.

Open Every Night.

Warehouses of Hobbie Music Company are open at night for convenience of those who cannot call during the day. All are cordially invited to inspect their magnificent stock of pianos and organs.

SUITABLE for Xmas—a genuine briar pipe, amber tip. Massie's Pharmacy.

BUY THE CELEBRATED

Lindeman
PIANO.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

Factory Prices. Easy Payments. No Interest.

HOBIE MUSIC CO.,
SOLE DEALERS.